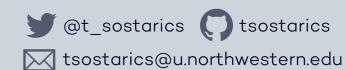
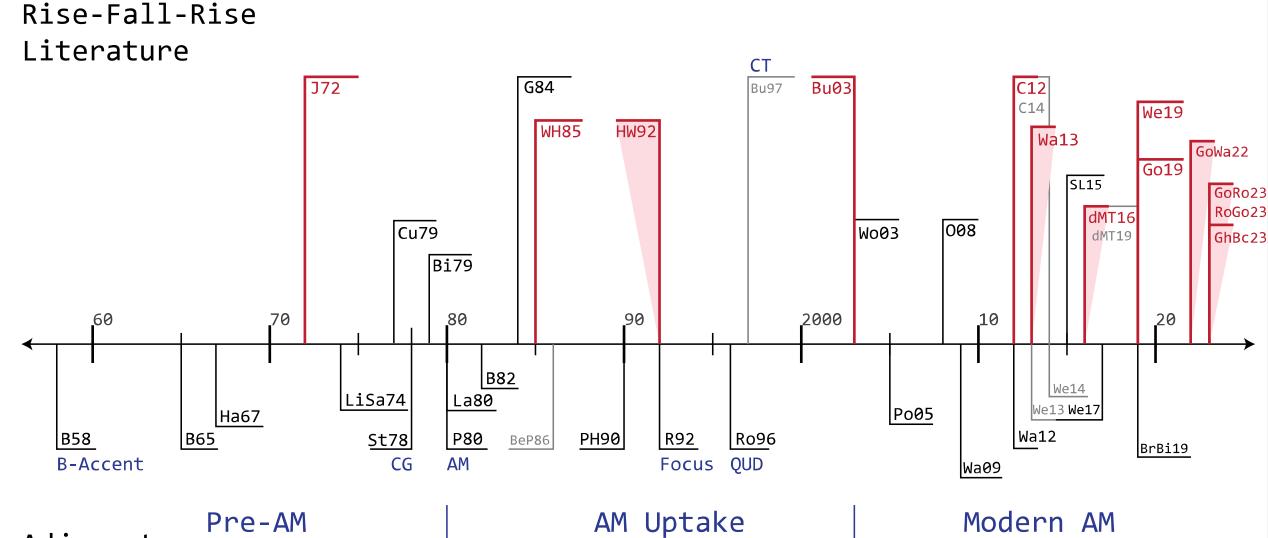
# Scalar Inference and Rise-Fall-Rise in American English: Towards a Priming Perspective

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Voices in Contexts, University of Cologne





Adjacent Literature

[B]olinger, [J]ackendoff, [G]ussenhoven, [P]ierrehumbert, [Cu]tler [H]irschberg, [Be]ckman, [W]ard, [R]ooth, [Ro]berts, [Bu]ring [Wo]lter, [Po]tts, [O]shima, [Wa]gner, [C]onstant, [We]stera, [Ha]lliday [S]chloder & [L]ascarides, [de M]arneffe & [T]onhauser, [Bi]ng [Go]ebel, [Br]aun & [Bi]ezma, [La]dd, [Li]berman & [Sa]g, [St]alnaker [Ro]nai, [G]ood[h]ue & [B]u[c]cola

Notable Work
Related Work

Important Work
Experimental Work

### The general themes of rise-fall-rise

Has something to do with "higher alternatives"



Uncertainty

Disputability

Strategy

Cue to belief

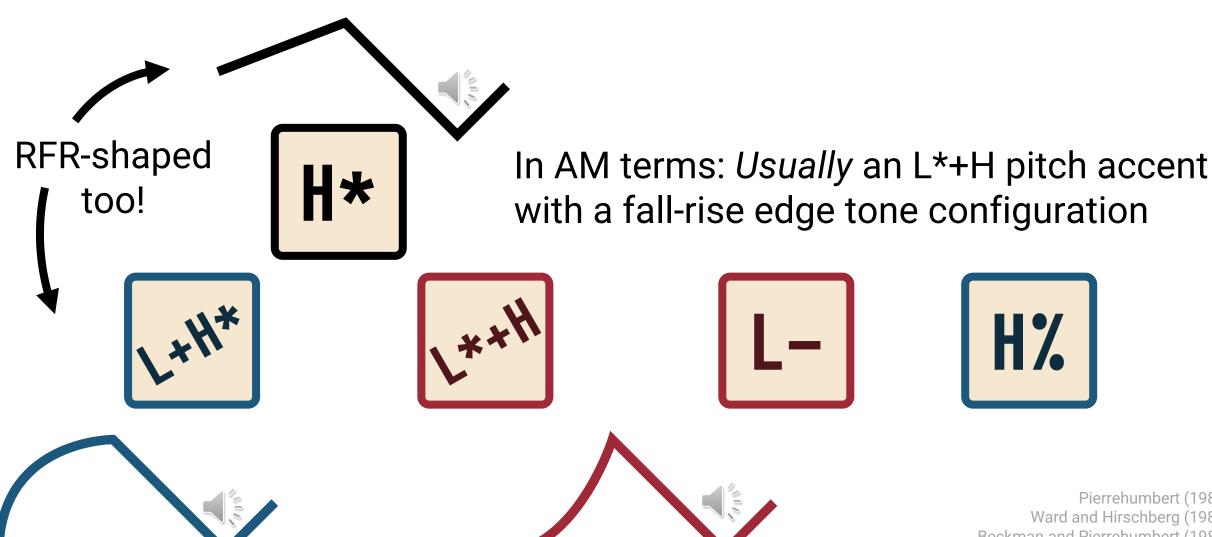
Partial Answer

Focus operator

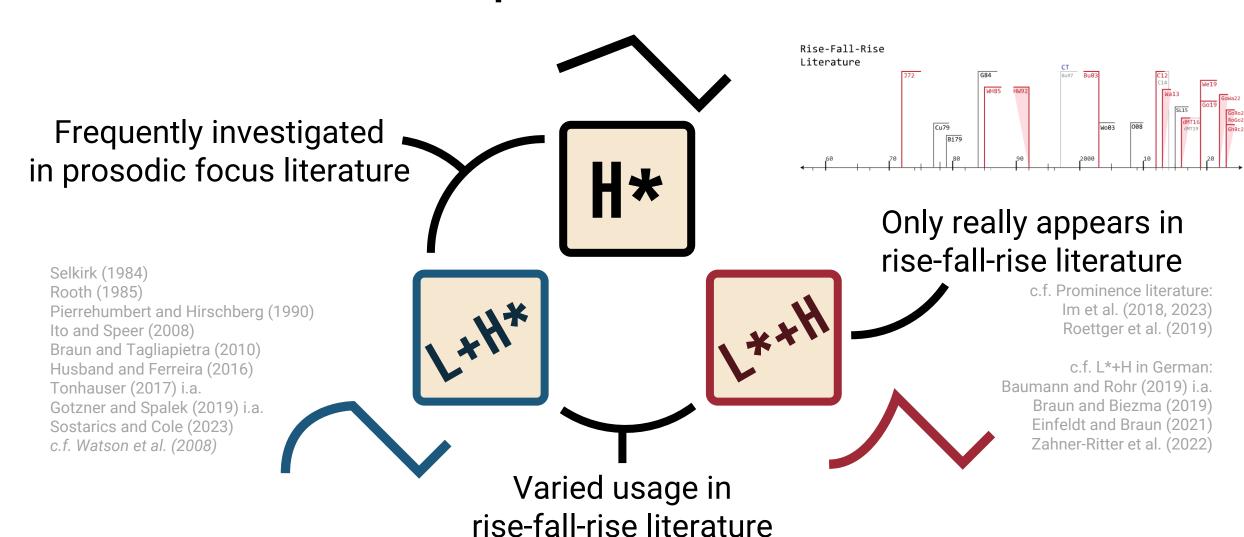
Contrastive Topic

But what is rise-fall-rise?

### What is rise-fall-rise?



### How do these pitch accents contrast?



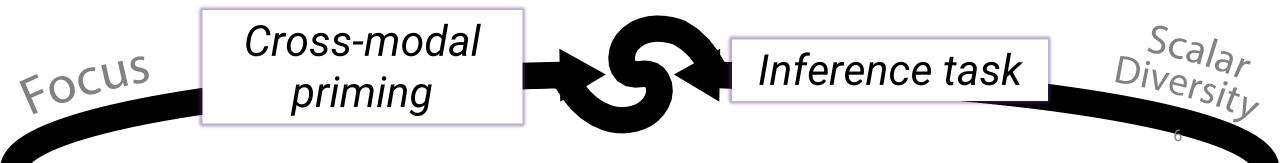
# High-level questions

Is there something special about rise-fall-rise, or about L\*+H?

Is there a specific RFR? Or would any RFR-shaped tune be fine?

What kinds of methods can we use to look at higher alternatives?

Let's exploit adjectival lexical scales in...



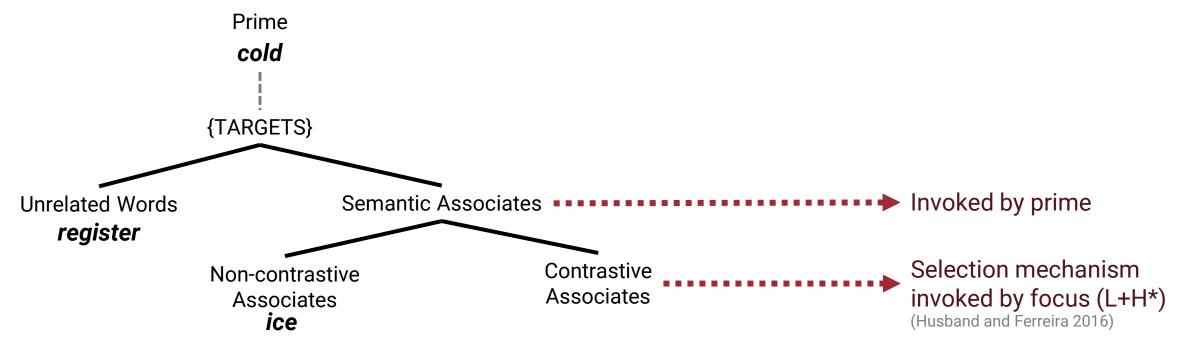
### Cross-Modal Lexical Decision

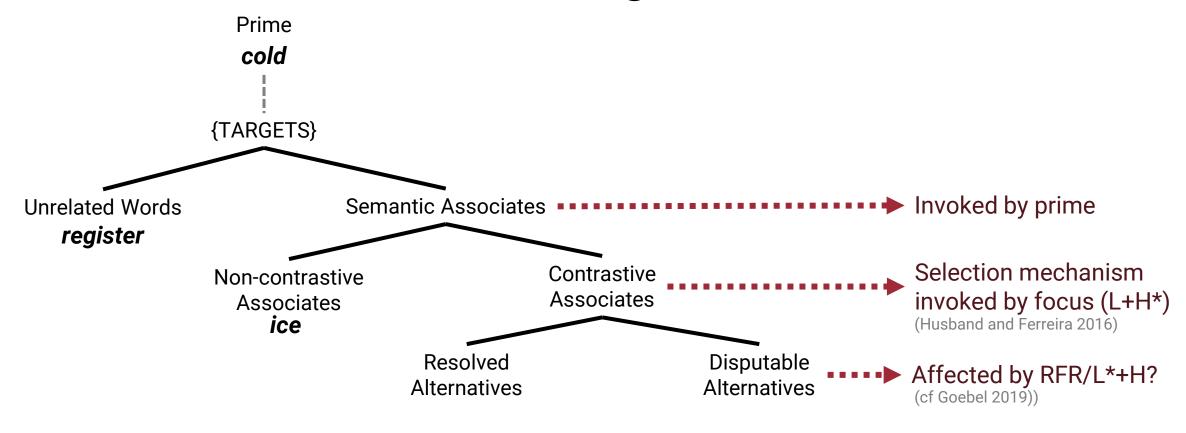


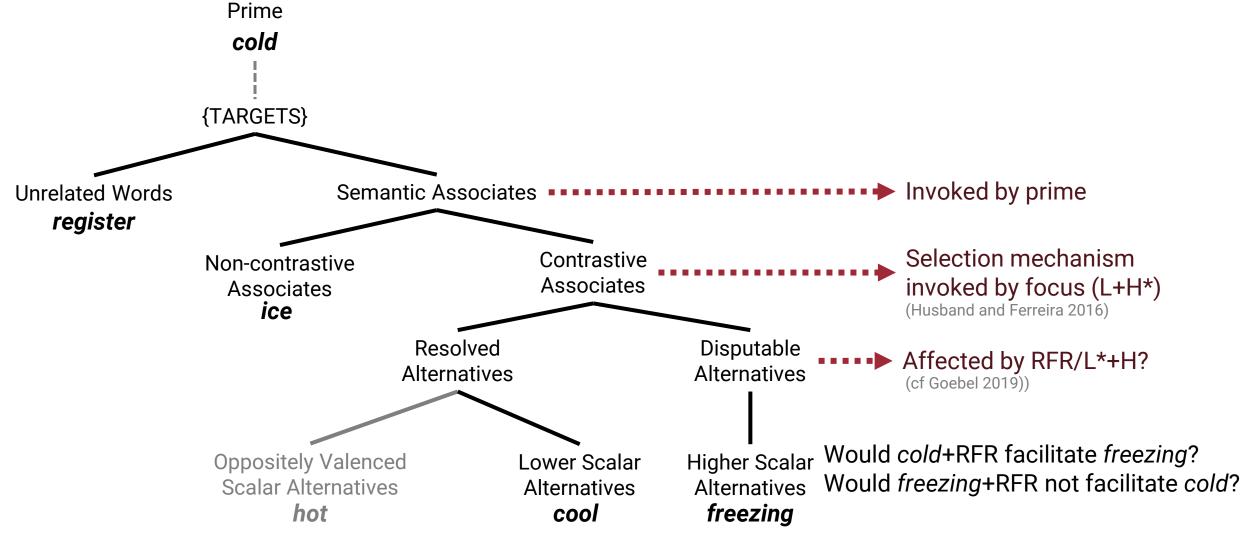
### What factors affect the activation status of the target?

- (1) The relation between the prime and the target
- (2) The prosody used with the auditory prime









### Scalar Inference task

Jane ate some of the cookies -> some, but not all of the cookies

- <some, all> comprise a lexical scale (Horn 1972)
- Likelihood of SI-enriched interpretations varies → scalar diversity (van Tiel et al. 2016, Gotzner et al. 2018, Ronai 2022)

#### What pragmatic factors encourage SI-enriched interpretations?

#### **QUD** matters

(Ronai & Xiang 2021)

#### **Prosody matters**

(de Marneffe & Tonhauser 2019, Ronai & Goebel 2023)

Does the office feel freezing?

The office feels cold.

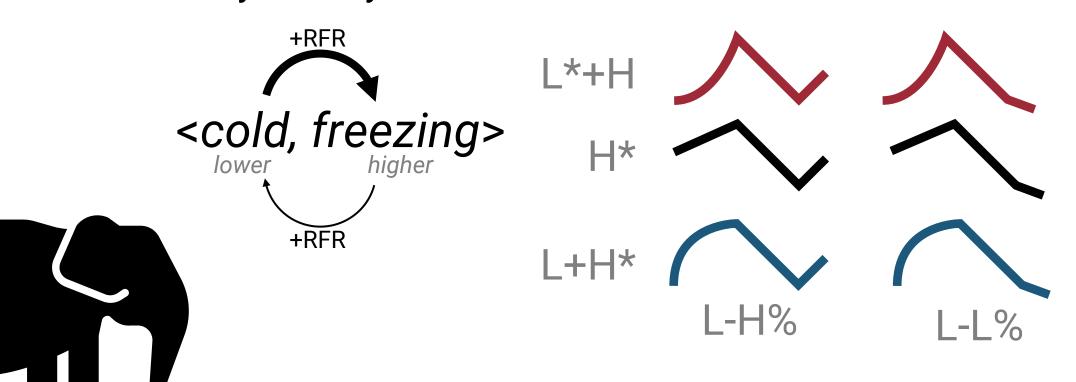
Would you conclude the office does not feel freezing?



No

# A general prediction

If RFR is all about the *higher* alternatives, then there should be some asymmetry in how it affects *lower* alternatives



The design is unwieldy... but not unfeasible

### Methodological challenges

### **Meaning Side**

- Many items for lexical decision and scalar diversity
- Need to make the task conditions comparable
- Need to write controlled contexts for all the items
- Do the contexts make sense?

#### **Sound Side**

- Need recordings of all materials!
- Recordings should be characteristic of the tunes
- Constrain the amount of phonetic variation
- Resynthesis doesn't always work perfectly

### Norming Study for Contexts

Prior work: Does the office feel freezing? The office feels cold.

But if we want to probe freezing we can't say it directly!

Mary: Did someone leave a window open in the office overnight?

John: The office feels cold

Are these indirect answers acceptable enough to use?

Do we still find scalar diversity with these indirect answers?

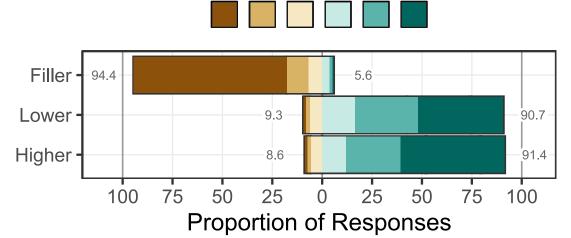
### Acceptability results (n=48)

Mary: Did you do the extra readings for class?

John: There used to be a burger king

**Mary**: Did someone leave a window open in the office overnight?

**John**: The office feels cold/freezing

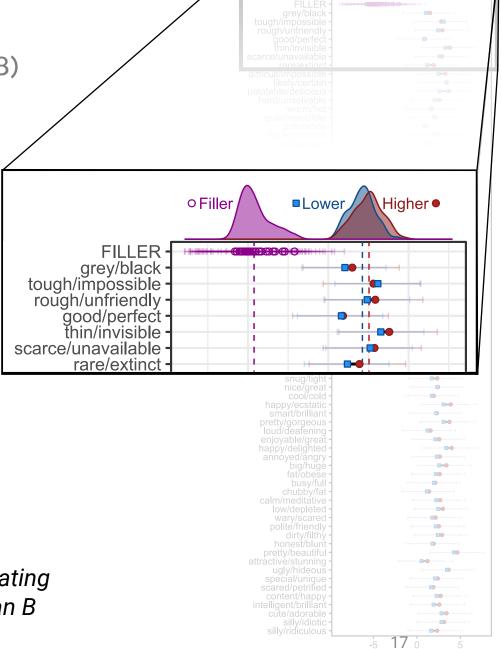


Rating

 $(\hat{\beta}_{Filler-Critical} = -6.14, 95\% \text{ CI } [-7.15, -5.18])$ 

 $(\hat{\beta}_{Low-High} = -0.37, 95\% \text{ CI } [-0.57, -0.19])$ 

 $-\hat{\beta}_{A-B}$ : Odds of a higher rating are lower for A than B



### SI Results for 72 scales

Mary: Did someone leave a window

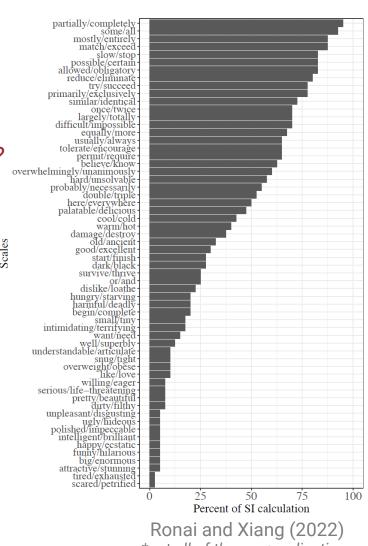
open in the office overnight?

John: The office feels cold/freezing

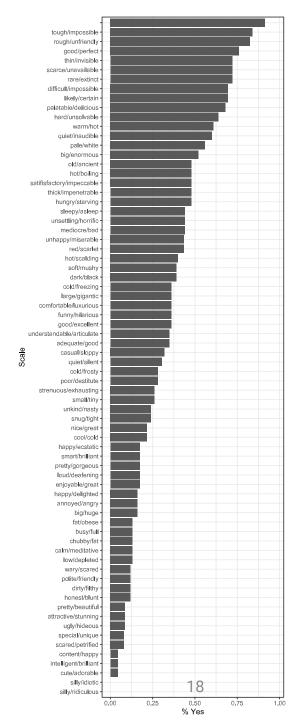
Would you conclude the office does not feel freezing? Would you conclude the office does not merely feel cold?

> We do find variation among adjectival scales

Based on norming results, we retain 65 scales



\*not all of these are adjectives



# Scope of the Recordings

Did someone leave a window open in the office overnight?

The office feels cold

The office feels freezing

65 scales that need...

A question

**x2** A lower/higher answer

**x6** Each of our target tunes



# Challenges of Recording

We could record once and resynthesize to 6 new tunes...

• But then we don't get any non-F0 cues that co-occur with the tunes

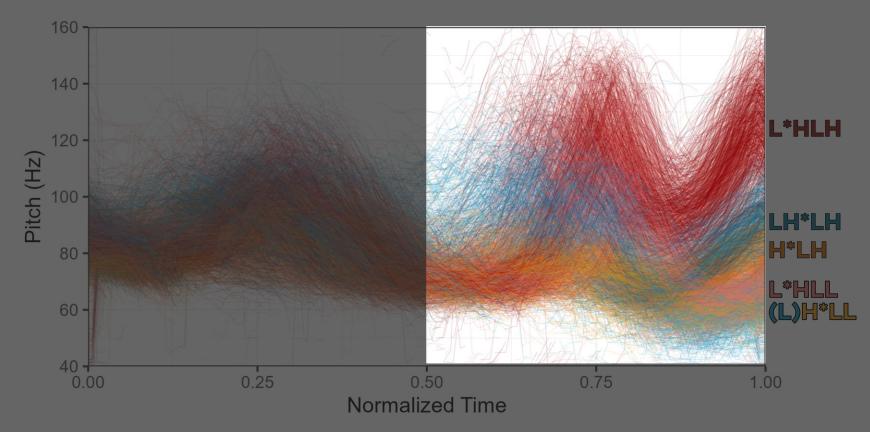
We could record all sentences with all 6 tunes and move on...

But there will be variation, how can we understand and constrain it?

We can standardize our recordings with resynthesis...

- But resynthesis is fickle: some recordings just don't work well
- What parameters do we even use?

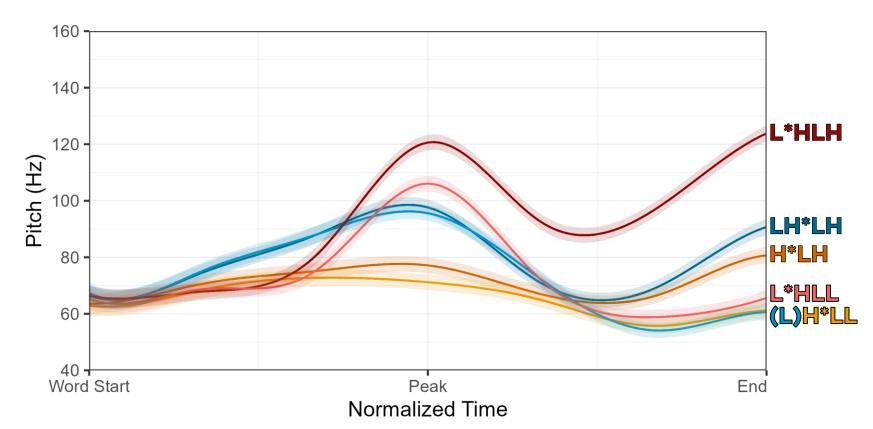
### Many takes of 780 utterances



3980 recordings of 130 sentences with 6 different tunes

How can we tame this variation?

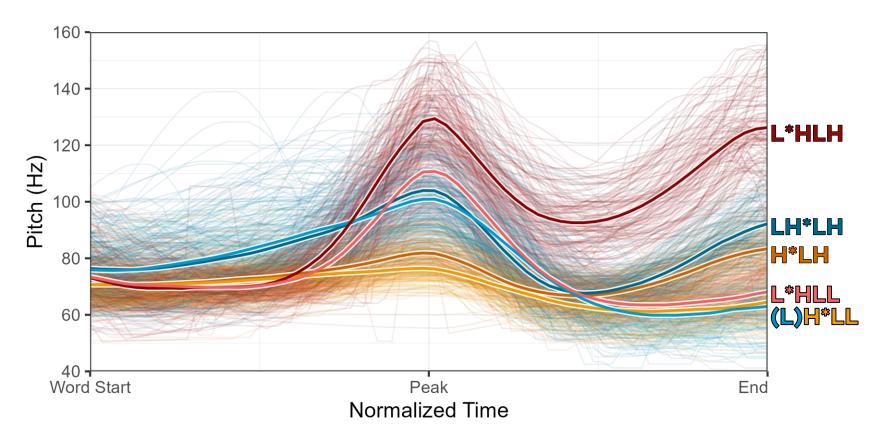
### Nuclear Region GAMM Modeling



Modeling the shape of the onglide to the peak and the offglide to the end

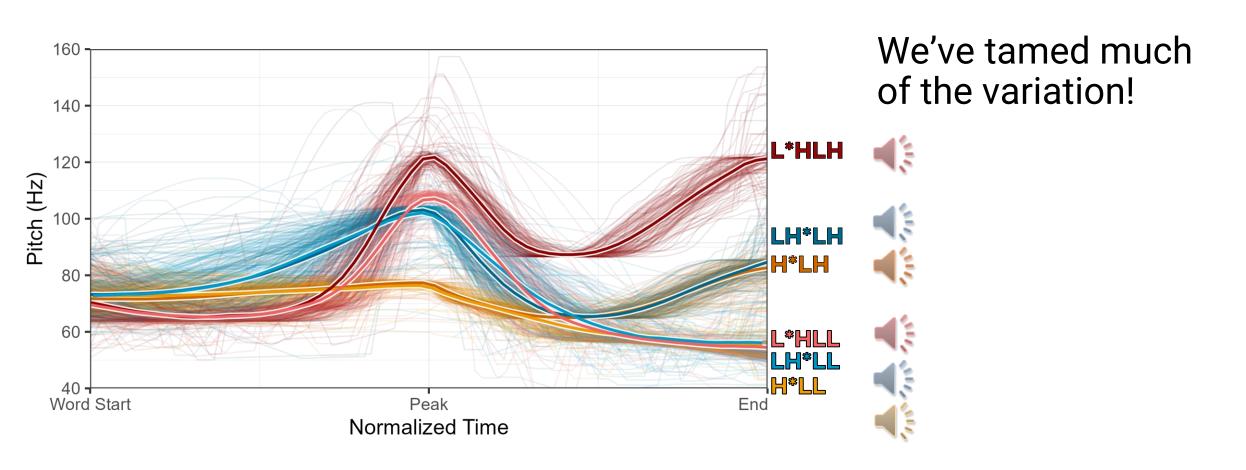
Peak alignment is important but modeled separately

# Final 780 "Best" Recordings

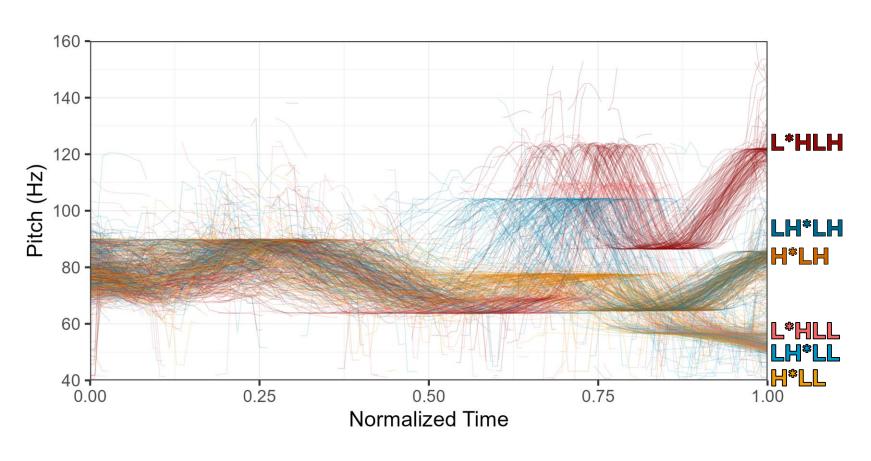


"Best" based on resynthesizing all tokens and picking the one that was most natural

# Final 780 Resynthesized contours



### Prenuclear region was not forgotten!

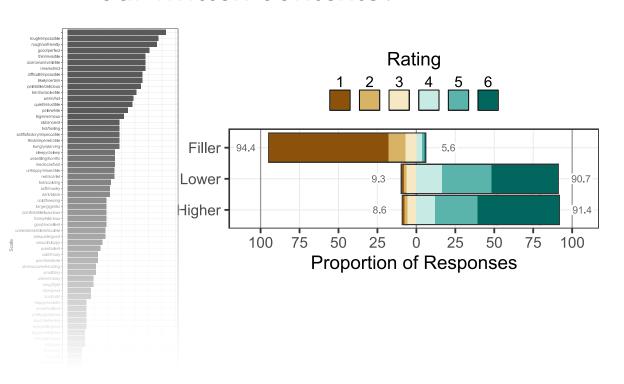


Prenuclear peak height is normalized across utterances

# Revisiting our challenges

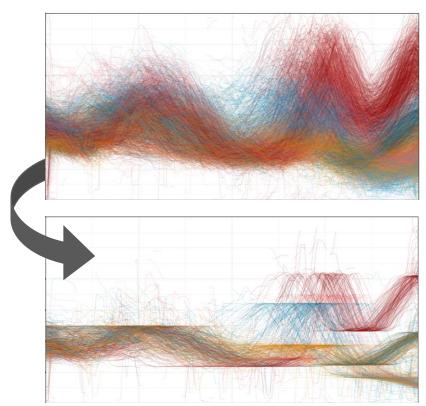
### **Meaning Side**

How can we control and norm our written contexts?



### **Sound Side**

How can we understand and constrain phonetic variation?



### Take homes

We're combining two lines of work in psycholinguistics to learn about contrasts between pitch accents and RFR-shaped tunes

Trying to do work on intonational meaning has substantial methodological challenges on both the sound and meaning side

The scope of writing and recording the materials is massive, but we can constrain variation while still respecting it

### Acknowledgments

- Jennifer Cole & Eszter Ronai
- Gregory Ward & Duane Watson
- Ming Xiang & Chris Kennedy
- Kate Sandberg & Mike Tabatowski
- Chun Chan
- ProSD Lab at Northwestern

...for support, feedback, stimuli help, and experiment assistance

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